

# THE GLEICHEN CALL

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## Red Cross Helps Local Children

During the past five years and up to December 31, 1955, five children from Gleichen and Cluny and area have spent a total of 2389 days in the Alberta Red Cross Crippled Children's hospital.

Built by the people of the province for those children whose parents cannot afford the prolonged treatment that orthopedic disability demand the hospital provides the finest in medical, surgical and nursing care and is, of course, a free service by the Red Cross to all children in the province requiring this assistance.

In patient care includes all braces, casts and other orthopedic appliances that the case demands while regular schooling, music, handicrafts, Scouting and Guiding work together to build the whole child.

The work of the Red Cross hospital is financed by a per diem grant from the Provincial Government, gifts of every kind from the friends of Red Cross aid the annual campaign for funds. Each day's care per patient costs Red Cross in the neighborhood of \$8.50 which must be financed by the Society.

One of the greatest contributions to the Society, which makes the hospital possible, is that all the doctors on the staff are volunteers who donate their time and talents to both Red Cross and the children.

The sum of \$134,351.00 from the current campaign for funds is budgeted to be spent in maintaining the work of the Red Cross hospital during the forthcoming year.

## The Ottawa Letter

The statistics show that there were about 110,000 people admitted to Canada as immigrants in 1955. This is about two-thirds of the number that have been coming in each year since 1950. The reason for the falling off is because of the more prosperous conditions in the countries of Western Europe. The United Kingdom is really importing people as is France and other countries. People prefer to stay in their homeland unless they see a definite advantage.

In the five year period between 1951 to 1955, about 790,000 came in and in the preceding five years, the number was 431,000. Of this last number only 110,000 actually took out naturalization papers. The question arose: Should the taking out of papers be compulsory? Different views were expressed but the majority of the members thought it should not be mandatory. Some are not familiar enough with the language, some are frightened and sensitive and some just neglect the step.

People here have come from many different countries, some from lands of turmoil and poverty and some from lands where they have been very harshly used. When established here, they find freedom and safety. Their children are influenced by the teaching in the schools, they are accepted as neighbors and they soon acquire loyalty and love for the Queen and the land of their adoption. They are really given a welcome here. The officers of the courts are especially anxious to deal kindly with them. Such organizations as the Imperial Order of the Daughters of the Empire do good work in getting the newcomers acquainted with the language, the geography and the economic conditions of the country.

The department and citizens generally do what they can to create a friendly feeling and to make the stranger feel that there is really a place for him.

Little ceremonies after taking out papers and special instruction for adults in night school are much appreciated.

After all, the voluntary method seemed best in encouraging the new Canadians to become real citizens and to take up their part in building up the country and fostering real Canadian ideals.

F. W. GERSHAW.

## Town & District

Mrs. Rodominski left Friday for Saskatchewan where she will visit relatives for a time.

The boys and girls of the Legion will hold a bonspiel beginning Thursday. This is their first bonspiel and it should be interesting.

Mrs. Ronnie Cross is at present visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Al Wilson. Her home is in the northern part of the province.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Wilson went to Ponoka last week to visit Mr. and Cecil Lyons whose son had died after a short illness. Mrs. Lyons and Mrs. Wilson are sisters.

Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Jack Wilson and Mrs. Bob Brown with Mrs. T. Brown of Didsbury made a rink and entered the Olds Ladies Bonspiel last week.

While in Edmonton last week Mr. and Mrs. H. Holton and child had the misfortune to be in a car accident when a car went out of control and skidded causing both cars to collide. All were taken to the hospital and released shortly afterwards. Owing to head injuries the child had to have a number of stitches.

L. F. Hedberg, the man who makes out income tax reports for you, advises that you bring in your books and vouchers without delay and have them correctly written up.

Most of the bodily ills from which we suffer in this life are preventable. Most of them are due to ignorance of the rules of health or neglect to observe them. These rules are fairly well understood today, so well in fact that a person who takes the trouble to learn them and who observes them faithfully, has a good chance of going through life with very little sickness. The best health insurance a person can have is an understanding of these rules and a will to observe them; and there is no substitute for this knowledge. The so-called health insurance plans being offered to the public by the politicians ignore this obvious truth. All they contemplate is paying the cost of sickness after it strikes us. Such plans are not health insurance at all. They are merely financial assistance to sick people. Why can't we have a real national health plan one that will recognize this truth and act on it? Why not a plan to teach these health rules to the people and impress them on their minds? Such a plan would yield far better results in national health and at a mere fraction of the cost of any of the so-called health plans being offered by the politicians. Prevention is always better than a cure.

The first meat packing plant in Calgary built in 1890 by Pat Burns, became the nucleus of the multi-million dollar Burns and Company Limited chain.

Germany has replaced Canada as the second biggest trader with Mexico where buyers want bargains which, in many cases, Canada's high wages high taxes policy makes impossible.

## A. T. Robinson

Adelbert Thomas (Bert) Robinson, a resident of Gleichen for more than forty years died last Thursday in the Holy Cross Hospital after an lengthy illness, at the age of 75.

Mr. Robinson was born in Fairmont, Kansas. Upon moving to Gleichen he became interested in the threshing of grain and for several years operated two big steam outfits.

He is survived by his wife, Lily; a daughter, Ruby, in the United States; a step son, Flight Sergeant Bert Dobbs, ROAF Station Holberg, B.C.; three sisters, Mrs. M. McNeil of Washington; Mrs. A. Lund of Regina, Mont.; and Mrs. Grace Rice of Kansas City; and seven grand children.

The funeral took place in Calgary Tuesday afternoon at 1.30.



Piano and jazz expert Art Tatum gives a few pointers on music to newspaper columnists Helen Helon MacNamara and Alex Barris who have their own program Tributes in Tempo on CBC Dominion on Saturday nights. Hel-

## Schools Across The Country

Education Week in Canada has been set for March 4 to 10.

All across Canada there is a problem which isn't a problem, a paradox if you will, the case of the expanding population which grows so fast that it pushes out the walls of even new schools—almost before they are finished.

Canada is teeming with children and this is a condition which the countries of Europe have been striving to attain for years, either by means of edict, bonus or tolerance, knowing full well that in a coming generation of strong, healthy children there is a wealth that cannot be duplicated.

So this school problem, which is undoubtedly an expensive one to solve, meets this half of the 20th century as a challenge which must be met. It is difficult to persuade taxpayers to pay out more money than is absolutely necessary yet this is the economical way to fore see and meet expansion. We have passed the day of "make do" in the educational field and we will have to recognize the fact.

Probably one answer may be found in paring down the luxuries and leaving the necessities intact—lighting, sanitation, room to breathe, facilities for recreation, these are important. Frills and what were formerly extra-curricular activities came in the class of at least temporary non-essentials. In a free and democratic country one of the most important of the trusts given into the hands of its government is an adequate education to equip a child to meet the demands of living.

And while it may seem expensive, it is one of the best investments in the world today—this investment in the future of our children, those marvelous healthy bodies that you can see in every village and in every town—the Canadians of tomorrow. The schools are bursting at the seams and it is good thing. Because Canada can use them all to develop its riches of which they themselves are the greatest single item.

## THE PRACTICE OF SEED TREATMENT

Despite the steady progress in the development of chemicals for the treatment of seed, there appears to be much more of a lag in farm usage in this particular field than in others. Farmers of Western Canada, for instance, are quick to adopt the new varieties of grain and other crops as they become available. They appear to be well informed, too, about the various herbicides and fertilizers and to be making increasingly greater use of these aids to better farming and greater production. But when it comes to the preparation of seed for planting—and that takes in both the cleaning operation proper and the treatment of the seed—the record is for some reason not so favorable.

The treatment of smut and other seed borne diseases has come a long way since the days when the

use of formaldehyde was standard practice and there are now available organic mercury chemicals for the treatment of seed which can give very satisfactory protection at relatively small cost per bushel. In addition, there is now protection in the form of dual purpose treatments against seed-

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Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tue.
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29



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**TRIUMPH ON ICE**—Tenley Albright, 1954's champion United States woman figure skater and onetime polio victim, cuts a neat figure as she skates for dimes at Stowe, Vt. Her skating demonstration opened the community's 1956 March of Dimes campaign.

## Dramatic decrease in tooth decay

OTTAWA.—A dramatic decrease in the incidence of tooth decay among the native children of Brantford, Ont., is indicated in the 1955 report on the dental effects of water fluoridation issued by the department of National Health and Welfare. In two other Ontario cities—Sarnia and Stratford, which served as controls in the study—the decay rate has remained about the same or increased somewhat.

The report noted that children born in Brantford since fluoridation began, in June, 1945, now have teeth which are as resistant to decay as those of the corresponding age groups in Stratford, where the water has been naturally fluoridated for the past 38 years by passage through an underground deposit of fluoride. (The Brantford water contains only 1.2 parts per million while that of Stratford contains 1.6 parts per million.)

Noticeably, no ill-effects have been reported by the health authorities or by the medical and dental professions of either Brantford or Stratford, according to the 1955 reports on fluoridation.

The report concludes that there no longer remains any reason to doubt that where the fluoride level of fluoride-deficient water supplies is raised to about 1 part per million by the mechanical addition of fluoride the incidence of tooth decay will be reduced by two-thirds.

### Smile Of The Week

A police station in Brooklyn, N.Y., had an irate caller who reported that kids persisted in ringing his doorbell and asking if he had any empty boxes. "Any reason they should pick on you?" asked the lieutenant.

"None I can think of," said the complainant, "unless it's my occupation." Seems he's an undertaker.

### CLASSIFIED

**GUARANTEED USED FACTORY ADJUSTMENT HIGH TREAD TIRES**—6.70x15-7.00; 7.10x15-8.50; 6.00x16-8.00; 6.50x16-9.50; Winter Grip 6.70x15-8.50; 7.00x17-18.50; 7.00x18-18.50; Grip Tread 7.50x20, 10 ply rating, no repairs, 32.50; 8.25x20-33.50; 9.00x20-42.00; check our prices, compare our quality, Tapp's Tire Sales, 9705-101 Ave., Ph. 28360, Edmonton, Alta. GP-3179-83

### How To Hold FALSE TEETH More Firmly In Place

Do your false teeth annoy and embarrass you when slipping, dropping or wobbling when you eat, laugh or talk? Just sprinkle a little **FASTEEZE** on your plates. This alkaline (non-acid) powder holds false teeth more firmly and more comfortably. No gummy, gooey, pasty taste or feeling. Does not sour, checks "plate odor" (denture breath). Get **FASTEEZE** today at any drug counter.

Goldfish are related to the carp.

## Trys out Stone Age farming

How did Neolithic man grow his crops and would it be possible to follow his example today? W. T. Stearn, a botanical expert at the British Museum, decided to find out for himself, an experiment which took him four years to complete.

His home is at Kew and a piece of ground nearby that had once been cultivated and later abandoned to weeds came into his possession. He used part to provide vegetables and decided to cultivate the rest without using any metal tools but only implements constructed by himself, using Neolithic flints and fire.

He said that all over the world men follow the method of "hack cultivation" using a tool like a hoe and also a digging stick. His homemade tools consisted of a long pole or stick with a sharpened end for digging up and plunging into the soil, and a pick made by choosing a branch where the fork was almost at a right angle.

He cut off this branch with Neolithic flints that he borrowed from the Museum for the purpose and also sharpened and hardened it by fire.

By sweat of brow With these simple tools he set out to cultivate his plot and did it in reality by the sweat of his brow for he had never worked so hard in his life.

It was important to cultivate the plants that primitive men grew and not those of today which are very highly developed and the product of a long period of selection. To obtain primitive plants he had to get them from comparatively remote regions where the most primitive forms approximate closely to those used by Stone Age man.

He managed to obtain Triticum Monococcum or Einkorn, a very primitive wheat, and Triticum Diccoccum or Emmer, a Stone Age wheat which was the same as that grown in Ancient Egypt; he also had the Celtic Bean, a very small-seeded bean that most vegetable growers of today would scorn but which prehistoric man in Europe found to be a very important source of vegetable protein.

Everything in this primitive Kew garden grew extremely well and Stearn's opium poppies reached a height of more than four feet but compared with plants grown under the best modern conditions, the results were not impressive. The conclusion he reached was that "early man had to work a jolly sight harder to get his results than we have to work today."

### Rock drawing is ancient map

In Ceylon near one of the old bunds, or water-tanks, built by a bygone civilization, a curious circular rock-drawing filled with mysterious symbols has been found. This is thought by archaeologists to represent the Universe, and is at least 1,000 years old.

In the centre of the diagram is Maha Meru, or Mount Everest, surrounded by seven seas and seven ranges of mountains. In the seas are depicted fish, turtles, and crabs, rather like the porpoises of old European maps of the world. Above the peak of Maru are symbols representing the blissful seats of the gods. Below are eight great bells and thousands of small ones. The four great islands which are the earth lie between.

The whole drawing, which is scratched on rock and is six feet across, is close to an ancient temple. It is one of the oldest maps in existence.

### OBLIGING

A couple of young girls, on a scavenger hunt in Omaha, Nebraska, needed a cigar stub.

They rang doorbells in the neighborhood. One man was eager to help but a search of the house disclosed no cigar stub. He offered to smoke a fresh cigar down to a stub.

"Got lots of cigars," he explained. "Wife had a baby this morning."

### IFFY APRON

Easy-to-sew, no embroidery, iron-on design



Easy-sew apron takes ONE yard 35-inch! No embroidery! Iron-on red petunias with green leaves. Make for yourself and for gifts!

Pattern 7316: Tissue pattern, washable iron-on color transfer in combination of red and green. Medium size only.

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## The Pattern Shop

### Fashions

Young separates



Ideal for chilly days of winter! Make your youngster this 3-piece separates outfit with its warm, pretty applique waist! Sew the waist to mix or match with the whirlaway skirt and puff-sleeve blouse—other separates too!

Pattern 4796: Children's Sizes 2, 4, 6, 8, 10. Size 6 blouse takes 1 yard 35-inch fabric; skirt, 1 1/2 yards; waist, 3/4 yard. This pattern easy to use, simple to sew, is tested for fit. Has complete illustrated instructions.

**Department P.P.L., Anne Adams Pattern Dept., 63 Front Street W., Toronto**

### FOR YOUR HOME

Modern lamps, wood box and log carrier

These lamps are made by joining wood and metal to make unusual modern designs. The material used is available at the nearest lumber yard and hardware store. Pattern gives actual-size cutting diagrams and illustrated directions for assembling and finishing. Price of pattern 204 is 35c.



The stout oak hinges of this fire-side box are copies of a pair that were used before metal hinges were in common use. The directions show how to make simulated dovetail construction for the box which holds an evening's supply of wood and provides an extra seat by the fire. The wood carrier is cut from one half yard of 36-inch canvas. It is quickly made on the sewing machine and easy to tuck



away when not in use. Tracing diagrams for the hinges with large step-by-step sketches for making both box and carrier are on pattern 362 (35c). A packet of Early American reproductions containing an assortment of standard size patterns for making authentic pieces is priced at \$1.50.

Address order to: Home Workshop Pattern Service, Department P.P.L., 4433 West Fifth Avenue, Vancouver, B.C.

## Few plants more rewarding, reliable herbaceous perennials

OTTAWA.—Considering the care required each growing season, few plants are more rewarding than reliable herbaceous perennials, says John Walker, Forest Nursery Station, Indian Head, Sask. Normally their period of bloom is satisfactory but may be of short duration if high temperatures and abnormally dry weather prevail. Occasionally, also, very early-flowering sorts like Bleeding Heart may be injured by late-spring frosts.

However, when once established in a site where there is suitable shelter, and given reasonable care with respect to weed control, water applications in dry spells, top dressing of manure, and staking when required, hardy herbaceous perennials may be relied upon to give a repeat performance in blossom production year after year.

With a number of different kinds there must be a curtailment of root spread every few years, otherwise an undue amount of space becomes occupied. Accompanying uncontrolled spread, weak growth will be manifested, and neighboring plants will be crowded out. For the most part the older plant crowns located in the centre of the cluster should be removed rather than more vigorous outer crowns.

Common names of perennials given below are those used in "Standardized Plant Names". They are sorted to growing under Prairie conditions.

Blossoms usually produced before May 31st include Siberian squill; Dwarf Iris; Siberian Iris (blue and white); Longspur Columbine; Common Bleeding Heart; Syria Ixodion; Fernleaf Peony; Iceland Poppy; Common Globe-flower; Darwin and other Tulips.

Blossoms usually produced in month of June include Geneva Bugle; Fan Columbine; Alpine Aster; Peachleaf Bellflower; Florists Pyrethrum; Mediterranean Chrysanthemum; Sweet William; Maiden Pink; Grass Pink; Creeping Gypsophila; German Iris; Coral Lily; Dahurian Lily; Korean

Lily; Russell Lupine; Maltesecross Campion; Virginia Bluebells; Persian Nepeta; Common Peony; Oriental Poppy; Mother-of-Thyme.

Blossoms usually produced after June 30th include Italian, New England and Hybrid Asters; Aconite Monkshead (blue, white, bicolor); Carpathian Bellflower; Danesblood Bellflower; Larkspur—various strains; Slender Siberian Larkspur; European Meadowweet; Prairie Meadowweet; Babys Breath; Daylily—species and varieties; David Lily; Tiger Lily; Orange Leichlin Lily; Hybrid Lilies—Maxwell, Grace Marshall, Coronation, etc.; Haage Camper; Morden Pink Lythrum; Summer Phlox — Pyramid White, Ada Blackjack, etc.; Ewers Sedum; Variegated Sedum; Hen and Chickens; Spike Speedwell.

Plants of a majority of species listed are readily available by purchase from local commercial nurseries.

### Wig hats new spring style

Milliner Sally Victor of New York, features fancy new variations of the hat that covers the hairdo in her new spring collection. She calls them wig hats.

They begin as a cap of open mesh straw, under which a woman can tuck all her hair. In one hat, Mrs. Victor winds pink satin ribbon through the mesh and adds giant pale pink roses to frame the face. Another covers the entire head with orange blossoms.

## India planning metric system of measurement

India soon will start to change weights, measures and money to the metric system.

Miles, yards, feet and inches, pounds and ounces, and a host of Indian measures will give way to kilometres and metres, kilograms and grams, while the rupee will be divided into 100 units instead of the present 16 annas and 192 pice.

Soldiers will start by drawing their rations in metric units as the first phase of the defence ministry's 15-year program for the switch. On railroads and highways, the present furlong stones will be changed to mark hectometres (200 metres), which is roughly the same distance as a furlong.

The decimal system of coinage is expected to come into force on Oct. 2, 1956, the anniversary of the birth of Mahatma Gandhi.

These revolutionary changes, which affect the daily life of 370,000,000 Indians, are to clear the way for the country's economic development.

Standardization of weights and measures is an urgent problem for India. Pitambar Pant of India's Planning commission said that a recent survey of 1,100 villages reveals 143 different systems of weight measurement in use and a worse situation on measurement of volume and land areas. In many places, weights have the same name but different standards.

### SOME FATS ARE NECESSARY

Fats are important as sources of fuel to the body. Milk fat, found in cream or butter, is of higher nutritional value than other natural food fats owing to the presence of Vitamin A. Fats used to excess may retard digestion.

### BOZO



**MACDONALD'S BRIER**

Canada's Standard Smoke



## OUR COMPLETE SHORT STORY —

## Chance Encounter

—By PAMELA LEE

SEE that every moment is occupied. No odd corner left unfilled. Pretend it's fun. Talk so that you won't hear that other voice that says you're lonely.

Each morning Irma Tinsdale made out a list of Things To Be Done. It gave her pleasure to tick them off. They didn't really matter, yet she kept to schedule. She was the mainstay of committees. Nothing big, just one to be relied on.

The first order. It lay smooth on the top of the pad. She tore it off. One, two, three carbons. She inserted them deftly, saw that the edges were even, and with an adroit movement the order was in the machine. Just like every other order had been for the last seven years.

A failure. Why? She had the qualifications, but someone else had always been just one jump ahead. And the men she'd liked, they'd always passed her by. She was capable—she could have run a home . . .

She was tired of the office. But supposing she left? She had seniority here, even if she was typing orders. A pension too, when it was needed.

She was a little stout, with fine lines round her eyes, and her hair was swept up in a roll. If she had been a successful business woman it might have been different. If she had been successful at anything for that matter. Her paint-

ing, perhaps she might have got somewhere with that, if she had tried harder. She'd wanted to be an artist. Once. So long ago it almost frightened her to remember. Now she painted glasses and vases. Some she gave away at Christmas and the best she kept. But even they could not comfort her today. There was no one to whom she really mattered. She tried to take a grip on herself, but the tears were already trickling down.

Miss Kreuger looked over with alarm. "Miss Tinsdale, are you feeling well?" Irma reached for the typewriter cover and pulled it over the machine. "I've a bad head. I think I'd better go home."

Miss Kreuger looked worried. "You can't go home alone, let me get someone to go with you, or call a taxi."

"No, thank you," said Irma, rising. She walked out dabbing at her face with her handkerchief. She collected her coat and took the elevator. Stepping outside, a curious change took place in her. She wasn't Irma Tinsdale anymore. She was people, all sorts of people, in all the streets in all the world. Walking home, she went straight to the little cupboard where she kept her work. She knew what she was going to do. Sell up, start again. She'd begin with the glasses and vases. She wrapped each carefully and placed them in a bag. She'd take them down to the gift shop and see if they'd buy them.

Elation filled her as she hurried down to the street car. She could see one approaching and she ran. Suddenly her foot caught. She flung out her arms to save herself, but it was too late and she went down with a thud. A man stopped to help her up. She was too winded to speak and could only point to her bag. He picked it up and felt inside.

"Broken," he said, "I'm afraid they're all broken."

Irma stared, stricken. To have sold them would have been different, but to lose them. She felt a hand on her arm and she found herself in a nearby cafe.

The glare from the fluorescent lighting beat into her eyes. It threw no kindly shadow, nowhere to hide her face, hide the tears, hide the years. The straight-backed wooden alcoves were leather seated. She looked at the man opposite. She could feel a piece of hair straggling down the side of her face, her hat was crooked, but she didn't care any more.

He was smiling. "Some coffee will do you good," she nodded.

"What did you have in your bag?"

"Glasses and vases," she said slowly. "I paint them. It's silly, isn't it?"

"Why? I think it's rather nice. I used to paint myself . . . once. But when my wife died there was no one else to appreciate it but me . . . so, I don't paint any more."

Irma suddenly saw a little man, a little plump, a little bald, but with eyes that twinkled . . . and were kind, and he had a button on his coat hanging by a thread. Almost without thinking she reached over and it came off in her hand. He looked down a little ruefully.

"I'm rather lazy, I'm afraid," he paused. "By the way, my name's Johnson, Herbert Johnson."

Suddenly she felt better. Perhaps it was the coffee. Herbert Johnson took Irma to her door. He looked at her little garden. "Needs digging. I'll do it over for you if you like, Sunday."

Irma hesitated. "If you've any more buttons that need sewing, I'll . . ."

"Would you do that?" said Herbert Johnson.

"Why, sure," said Irma. And a warm glow started to stir inside her, as she watched his rotund little figure disappear down the street.

## FUR TIPS

Different parts of the same fur pelt have different wearing qualities. Backs of the animals wear better than the sides and the sides outwear the bellies and paws.

## They like white man's snowshoes

FORT CHURCHILL. — Now the Indian wants to use the white man's snowshoes.

So successful have been tests on a light and strong magnesium snowshoe designed and developed by the directorate of inter-service development that word has spread through the north country and several queries have been reached from Indians and trappers asking where they could be secured.

Actually the snowshoe is still undergoing tests and trials but it has performed so well that the directorate of inter-service development has recommended it for Army adoption.

Snowshoes, a most necessary item for troops in northern Canada, have always been a problem for the army. The familiar wooden type deteriorates badly in storage and the need for the replacements has always been great through warping and breakage.

Development of the new snowshoe commenced some time ago. Since then some pairs have carried testing soldiers over 1,000 miles of rough trails and still remain in first class condition. The new snowshoe is made of a magnesium frame and strung with aircraft fine cable steel encased in nylon.

The new snowshoes are light in weight (less than half that of the old type) and are corrosion, rot and moisture-proof. No matter where stored they will not warp nor will the strings relax under adverse weather conditions.

Their durability is many times that of the standard wooden snowshoe and breakage in the field has been reduced to a very low figure. Another obvious advantage in this country is that when not in use the magnesium snowshoes may be left unattended in snow, standard shoes must be hung from trees out of reach of arctic rodents.

## Specialists to talk at Manitoba dairy convention

Two specialists in the dairy field from universities in the United States will be the chief speakers at the 71st annual convention of Manitoba Dairy Association, February 21 to 23.

Dr. Edwin E. Heizer, of the University of Wisconsin, will speak on three occasions to producer groups and Dr. Paul H. Tracy, University of Illinois, will be heard twice in the manufacturing section.

This year's convention will be held at the Royal Alexandra Hotel in Winnipeg in conjunction with annual meetings of the Dairy Manufacturers' Association, Manitoba Cheese Manufacturers' Association and the Dairy Cattle Breeders' Association.

Six other associations, all allied with the dairy industry, will also hold meetings during the three days of the convention.

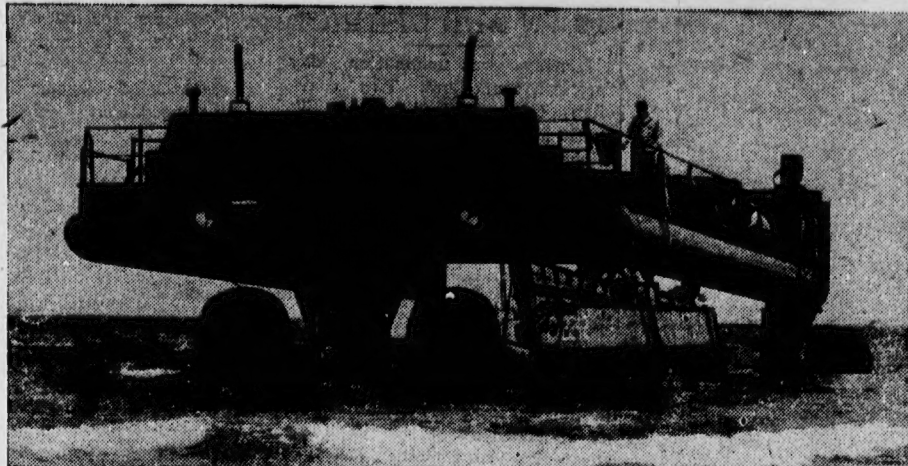
The agenda also includes a discussion on "Does Canada Have a Milk Surplus?" by D. B. Goodwillie of Ottawa. Other speakers include O. J. W. Shugge and R. W. Morrison, both of Toronto, and Grant Carlyle of Calgary.

A panel consisting of representatives of the Dairy Manufacturers, the government, producer groups and the consumer will discuss the dairy industry. Milk producers will conduct another panel dealing with problems in their own field.

Awards totalling over \$1,000 will be presented to winners of competitions for butter, cheese and ice cream that have been held during the year.

## DAILY DOZEN

Everyone needs exercise, particularly those busy people whose jobs are sedentary. Muscles not involved in the job require exercise, too. Swimming is one of the best all round methods of keeping fit and in most cities and large towns there are facilities for swimming in the winter. For those who have never learned to swim, the winter is a good time to start lessons.



"BIRD" DOG FOR LANDING CRAFT—Designed to retrieve capsized or sunken landing craft, the Army's Landing Craft Retriever lumbers out of the surf with a "dead duck". Four of the world's largest tires, 10 feet high by four feet wide, support the 101 tons of hoists, framework and twin diesel engines which make up the behemoth. Built by R. G. LeTourneau, Longview, Tex., the monster can handle upward of 87 tons. The huge device can operate in water up to eight feet in depth, is expected to materially reduce expensive losses incurred when landing craft are disabled.

## No new provincial legislation on farm debts says Atty.-Gen.

REGINA.—The following press statement on the question of farm debts was issued recently by Attorney-General of Saskatchewan:

"With the quashing of the Saskatchewan Moratorium Act the power to deal with farm debts is vested in Ottawa. I do not intend to recommend any new provincial legislation in an attempt to circumvent the judgment.

"There is a federal Act dealing with farm debt, the Farmers' Creditors Arrangement Act, still in force. It gives a farmer, 'unable to meet his debts as they become due' the right to formulate a proposal for adjustment or extension of time and file it with the clerk of the court of his judicial district. Meetings of creditors are then held and the court may finally deal with the proposal.

"This Act assumes power in the federal government to adjust farmers' debts or to grant an extension of time or to stay proceedings.

"The Farmers' Creditors Arrangement Act, however, will have to be amended if it is to be useful in the present emergency. The Act does not apply unless 2/3 of the farmer's debts were incurred before 1935 and the Act contains no quick and effective provision for preventing re-possession of farm implements.

"Since the moratorium case, the federal government or parliament has undoubtedly power to make the Farmers' Creditors Arrangement Act operative in respect of all farmers' debts, whenever incurred, and power to stay proceedings such as repossessions.

"The Act is administered by Finance Minister Harris and I am sure he will be glad to receive from farmers' organizations, newspapers and others, requests for amendments with evidence of the need for them. The Saskatchewan government will back up, at the proper time, all such legitimate requests. I am not however, writing laws for Ottawa, I have my hands full writing my own and making them stick. Please remember I did not draft or introduce the Moratorium Act."

## GEMS OF THOUGHT

THE GOLDEN RULE  
Be as just and gracious unto me  
As I am confident and kind to thee.  
—Shakespeare.

The Golden Rule works like gravitation.  
—C. F. Dole.

The Golden Rule is a law of physics: If you try to give someone happiness, you get some back yourself.  
—Albert Einstein.

Try to do to others as you would have them do to you, and do not be discouraged if they fail sometimes.  
—Dickens.

Impart as much as you can of your spiritual being to those who are on the road with you, and accept as something precious what comes back to you from them.  
—Albert Schweitzer.

Be faithful over home relations; they lead to higher joys: obey the Golden Rule for human life, and it will spare you much bitterness.  
—Mary Baker Eddy.

## DRIVE WITH CARE!

—By Les Carroll

## Farmer can do various tasks during Winter

Winter is the time for farmers to relax after a long season of plowing, planting, spraying and harvesting. It is also a time when they can accomplish a number of chores neglected during the year.

The tractor needs cleaning up and perhaps an overhaul. Farm implements probably require a new coat of paint. With depressed farm prices, this is more important than ever. Next year the old tractor and old equipment may have to be used. Protection of such substantial investments becomes of prime importance.

Perhaps the farm home interior needs a bit of cheering up with a new paint job. This isn't as impossible as it once was. Odorless interior paints in lively colors have been developed in recent years which enables one to paint the inside of a home without any discomfort to the occupants.

Winter is also the time to catch up on reading the accumulated literature on the latest in scientific farming. It will soon be seed dressing time, so what's new in seed disinfectants and how can losses to plant diseases and soil insects be reduced? What does the federal government's entomological report forecast for insect plagues next year?

A camel can drink 25 gallons of water in half an hour.

## RED CROSS Reports to you who give



"BLOOD binds all men". This statement is well illustrated here as Red Cross Corps girls are seen turning two cases of blood over to a bus driver for shipment. This particular incident took place during a blood donors clinic at Estevan. An emergency call for a considerable quantity of a certain type of blood was received from a Regina hospital and the need was met in the fastest way possible.

Almost everyone is now familiar with the Red Cross free blood transfusion service which provides whole blood plasma or blood derivatives, collected from generous donors, to those patients who require it. There is no charge for the blood, but it does cost about five dollars a bottle to collect, process and distribute. In 1955 Red Cross spent nearly \$160,000.00 on this service alone, in Saskatchewan. The person who donates blood also receives a hidden benefit. Every blood donation is thoroughly checked and tested. Thus, if for any reason, there is a deviation in the normal make up of the donors blood, the donor will be promptly advised to consult his doctor.

A further and little known service is rendered to the medical profession through RH investigations which are conducted at no charge in the Red Cross Blood Depots. Some 9,500 such investigations were done by the Saskatchewan Red Cross in 1955. The purpose of the RH investigation is to forewarn doctors of possible blood complications in unborn babies.

The true spirit of Red Cross is clearly demonstrated in the Blood Transfusion Service. Thousands of volunteers give their blood to help others. These donors and others give the funds to make the gift of blood possible. Still more volunteers collect both the blood and the funds. The success of their efforts depends always on the person who gives.

## Funny and Otherwise

## TERSE VERSE

What two can live as  
cheaply as one on  
Isn't half enough to  
have any fun on.

The office boy opened the  
door of the very busy editor  
and said, "There are two men  
here to see you, sir. One is a  
poet and the other is hard of  
hearing."

"Very well," answered the  
editor, "Go and tell the poet  
the deaf man is the editor.  
And close my door as you  
leave."

ABLE: "I wanted to get rid  
of that cat so bad, I took him  
out into the woods to lose him."

WILLING: "Well, what went  
wrong?"

ABLE: "I got so deep in the  
woods with him if I hadn't fol-  
lowed him back I'd never have  
found my way home!"

A not very good golfer was  
playing for the first time on a  
championship course. A sliced  
drive and an even more badly-  
sliced second shot took him far  
from the fairway. When at  
length he found his ball he turned  
to his caddy.

"What direction is the green  
from here?" he inquired rue-  
fully.

"Due west, sir," replied the  
boy sardonically. "If we nip  
through this hedge we can get  
a bus."

"Why are you here again?"  
asked the prison chaplain.

"Because of my belief," re-  
plied the convict.

"Your belief?"

"I believed the policeman  
had gone."

## Helps You Reduce Swollen Painful Piles

Here is a nice, clean, easy way to get  
real relief from the nagging distress of  
swollen, painful piles without the incon-  
venience of ointments, pile pipes or sup-  
positories.

The secret is in taking just one small  
Hem-Roid Tablet, with water, two or  
three times a day. Works through effective  
INTERNAL action. Quickly eases  
constipation, relieves itching, soreness and  
pain. Helps shrink piles and permits them  
to heal.

Why suffer needlessly when Hem-Roid  
offers you so much. Get a package today.  
See for yourself how nice Hem-Roid is to  
use, how effective it is and how much  
more comfort it will quickly bring you.  
All drug stores. Low cost. Money re-  
funded if you are not 100% pleased.

## THE TILLERS







**SEEDTIME and HARVEST**  
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and Quaker Oats.

#### WATCH THAT GRAIN!

Heavy losses in farm-stored grain resulting from drifting and melting snow have already been reported. Is your farm-stored grain well protected against snow moisture, and other forms of winter dampness?

**Act Now.** The unusually heavy snowfall and snow drifting of the past few months have made it impossible in many districts of Western Canada for farmers to make regular inspections of their farm-stored grain. Now is the time, however, when all grain stored on the farm should be examined carefully to detect excessive moisture, crusting, caking, heating or spoilage. Snow that has drifted around and into open grain piles, or onto the surface of binned grain should be removed at once. Action now is necessary to avoid real trouble when warmer weather sets in.

**Regular Inspection Needed.** The next few weeks will be a critical time for grain that has been exposed to the effects of drifting and melting snow. Careful examination now, and regular inspection for the rest of this winter to make sure that all farm-stored grain remains dry and free of insect infestation, constitutes first-class insurance against serious storage losses. Inspect your grain today. Next week, or even tomorrow, may be too late.

**On Seed Germination.** Time marches on! Have you had your seed-grain tested for germination? Knowing the true seed value of the grain you intend to use for seeding purposes this Spring is one effective way of taking the guesswork out of your 1956 grain growing operations. Now is the time to take advantage of the free germination tests offered by your local elevator Agent. Why take risks? Know the seed you sow!

About one-third of the female teachers in Canada are married women.

In 1887 an Act of Parliament set aside a tract of land in the Canadian Rockies 260 square miles in area. This district around Banff became the first national park in Canada.

Rail problem: Canadian railway management figures that on commuter service operations it costs \$2.60 to earn \$1.



**SEALED TENDERS** addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "TENDER FOR FEDERAL BUILDING, CLARESHOLM, ALBERTA" will be received in the office of the Secretary, until 3.00 p.m. (E.S.T.) WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1956.

Plans and specification, can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the offices of the Chief Architect, Department of Public Works, Ottawa, Ontario, the District Architect, Sun Building, 10363-108th Street, Edmonton, Alta., the Post Office Calgary, Alta.; the Post Office, Lethbridge, Alta., and the Post Office, Clareholm, Alberta.

To be considered each tender must be accompanied by a security in the form of a certified cheque or bonds as specified in the forms of tender and made on or according to these forms and in accordance with the conditions set forth therein.

The Department, through the Chief Architect's office or through the undersigned, or through the office of the District Architect, Sun Building, 10363-108th St. Edmonton Alta., will supply blueprints and specification of the work on deposit of a sum of \$75.00 in the form of a cheque or money order payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works. The deposit will be released on return of the blue prints and specification in good condition within a month from the date of reception of tenders. If not returned within that period the deposit will be forfeited.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

ROBERT FORTNER,  
Chief of Administrative Services  
and Secretary,  
Department of Public Works,  
Ottawa, January 25, 1956.

#### TOWN AND DISTRICT

Monday was nomination day for town councillors. Two councillors terms expired, namely W. Pettit and Frank Michael. Mr. Michael declined to run again for office and when nominations were closed W. Pettit and James Ostrom were elected by acclamation. The council now consists of (E. Bolinger, R. K. Hunter, U. A. Jones, W. Pettit, J. Ostrom and Ross Fiddes.

On account of drifted roads the World Day of Prayer held Friday in the Lutheran Church was not as well attended as hoped for but the ladies who made the effort to get there were well repaid for their effort. The theme "One Flock, One Shepherd" was very appealing and a beautiful service. The speaker, Mrs. L. Tengbom of Calgary, gave a splendid message, interesting and enlightening.

Angus E. McDermid a guest at Eventide Home died last week at the age of 87 years. He was born in Minneapolis and had lived in the province for some 45 years. He is survived by a sister living in Calgary and another in South Carolina, who attended the funeral. The remains were shipped to Calgary for burial by G. W. Evans.

Sunday, February 26, has been named Red Cross Sunday and Saturday, Feb 25, has been named Red Cross Sabbath across both Canada and the United States. Each year the Sunday closest to March 1, opening date of the annual campaign for funds is selected as Red Cross Sunday with the clergy of every denomination invited to mention the work of Red Cross either from the pulpit or in the church bulletin thus putting the work of Red Cross under the best possible auspices. Through the years the Biblical story of the Good Samaritan has been used as the model for Red Cross workers.

Three annual scholarships totaling \$225 will be awarded annually by the Alberta Hotel Association to students of the foods service training department of the Provincial Institute of Technology and Art in Calgary. Recognizing the need for well-trained help in the food industry, the association has announced that scholarships of \$100, \$75 and \$50 will be given three students as chosen by the results of term examinations. Under the direction of Mrs. R. A. Denny, students in the one-year course are taught to operate small food establishments where nutritious food can be served. The course includes theory lectures and practical work in the school cafeteria and snack bar as well as training in public relations and the handling of staff. Students will receive the scholarships in the spring and will then be aided by the hotel association in finding suitable work in hotel restaurants and coffee shops.

#### THE GOOD SIDE OF WINTER

We have had a hard winter and no doubt about it but like most things in this world has its good side, and that not merely in its more apparent aspects of sunshine and keen bracing air, though these have undoubtedly a good effect on our energy and cheerfulness. Our winter saves us from certain difficulties which other countries of more temperate climate have to face. For one thing, an exchange points out, it is almost certainly due to the winter that we shall probably never have a negro problem in Canada. The negro is naturally adverse to cold, naturally fond of hot sunshine. Though there are many negroes in Canada, yet they do not tend to increase in such numbers or to form solid blocks of population as in the states. Anyone who has studied recent works on the negro problem in the states knows how difficult and sinister a question it is, and how much cause for thankfulness we have that it is absent from Canada.

Thanks to our winter, the Canadian population mostly recruited from the northern races of Europe, which appear to be harder, more law-abiding and more akin to one another than the southern European races of which the states has somewhat embarrassing multitude with a fondness for lawlessness societies and other eccentricities which we can well do without in Canada. Then we can thank the winter for freedom from many pests of nature such as poisonous snakes, scorpions and similar things. The mosquito is almost our only scour-

age in the summer and he can be heavily reduced in numbers when time and money become available for treatment of the pools that are his breeding place.

#### Husbands! Wives! Weak, Run-down, Old?

Thousands of couples are weak, tired, lack energy and pep; they feel run-down, old because bodies lack iron at 40, 50, 60. Try Ostrom Tonic Tablets today. Supplies invigorator you, too, may need to revitalize, stimulate, energize and build-up entire body. Feel years younger. "Get-acquainted" size costs little. Or start with big, popular "Economy" size and save 75¢. At all druggists.

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